Oil

US to release 50m barrels of oil from reserves

Price of Brent crude rises despite co-ordinated move with other countries aimed at lowering cost of petrol



US president Joe Biden said the co-ordinated effort to reduce oil prices would 'ultimately reach your corner gas station' © AFP via Getty Images

Derek Brower and **Myles McCormick** in New York and **James Politi** in Washington 7 HOURS AGO

President Joe Biden has announced the release of oil from the US's strategic stockpile in an attempt to drive down petrol prices and snuff out a crude market rally that the administration has said poses a threat to the global economic recovery.

The president on Tuesday authorised the release of 50m barrels of oil — about 2.5 days worth of US oil consumption — "over the coming months", in a move coordinated with China, India, Japan, South Korea and the UK.

"Bottom line: today we're launching a major effort to moderate the price of oil — an effort that will span the globe in its reach and ultimately reach your corner gas station, God willing," Biden told reporters on Tuesday afternoon.

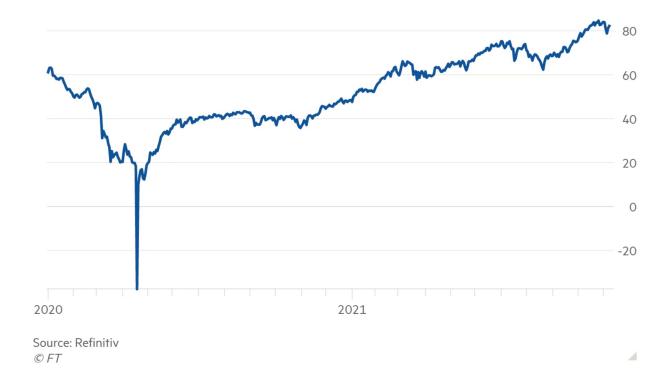
But the effort to drive down oil prices that have doubled in the past year appeared to backfire, as Brent, the international crude benchmark, closed 3.3 per cent higher at \$82.31 a barrel on Tuesday.

In Asia trading on Wednesday, Brent was little changed at \$82.34 a barrel, while US marker West Texas Intermediate rose 0.2 per cent to \$78.71.

The administration first flagged the possibility of tapping the strategic reserve at a Financial Times conference last month, when Jennifer Granholm, US energy

The oil price rises came as traders calculated that the total volume to be released would be less than expected, and that Opec+ could retaliate by holding back more oil than planned. Opec did not respond to requests for comment.

US oil prices have climbed as the world emerges from the pandemic West Texas Intermediate (\$/barrel)



The Global Times, a nationalist tabloid in China, described Beijing's participation as a sop to Biden, adding that the US "needs to seriously mull over how to get along with China peacefully".

Analysts said it was the first time in recent history that Beijing had participated in such an effort. "The million dollar question is how OPEC+ may respond to this move" Bjornar Tonhaugen, head of oil markets at Rystad Energy said in a note. "If the move is seen as aggressive... the group could in theory even cut back supply into January to maintain its profits."

It would be the largest release of crude oil from the US's Strategic Petroleum Reserve — an emergency stockpile created after the 1970s oil crises — surpassing the barrels distributed when the civil war in Libya caused a rise in crude prices in 2011.

allowing it to replenish the stocks later. The other 18m barrels to be released involve an accelerated sale of oil already authorised by Congress and expected by the market.

Biden is facing growing political pressure to tame petrol prices — up 60 per cent in the past 12 months — and other sources of high inflation, which have hit the approval ratings of both the president and other Democrats in Congress heading into next year's midterm elections.

Granholm on Tuesday sought to pin the blame for elevated prices on American oil producers, which she said were making "enormous profits" and failing to sufficiently increase output in the wake of the coronavirus pandemic.

Biden last week called on the Federal Trade Commission, the competition watchdog, to <u>crack down on price gouging</u> in the sector.

The International Energy Agency, the oil-consuming nations' watchdog that coordinated oil releases in the past, was not part of the White House's announcement. Some members, including Germany, were opposed to an IEA-wide release, according to a person familiar with the matter.

The agency said it recognised that the rise in oil prices had placed a burden on consumers and added to inflationary pressures and "respect[ed] the assessments and decisions made by individual IEA member and partner countries on how best to respond".

Additional reporting by Jim Pickard in London, Amy Kazmin in New Delhi and Hudson Lockett in Hong Kong

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